





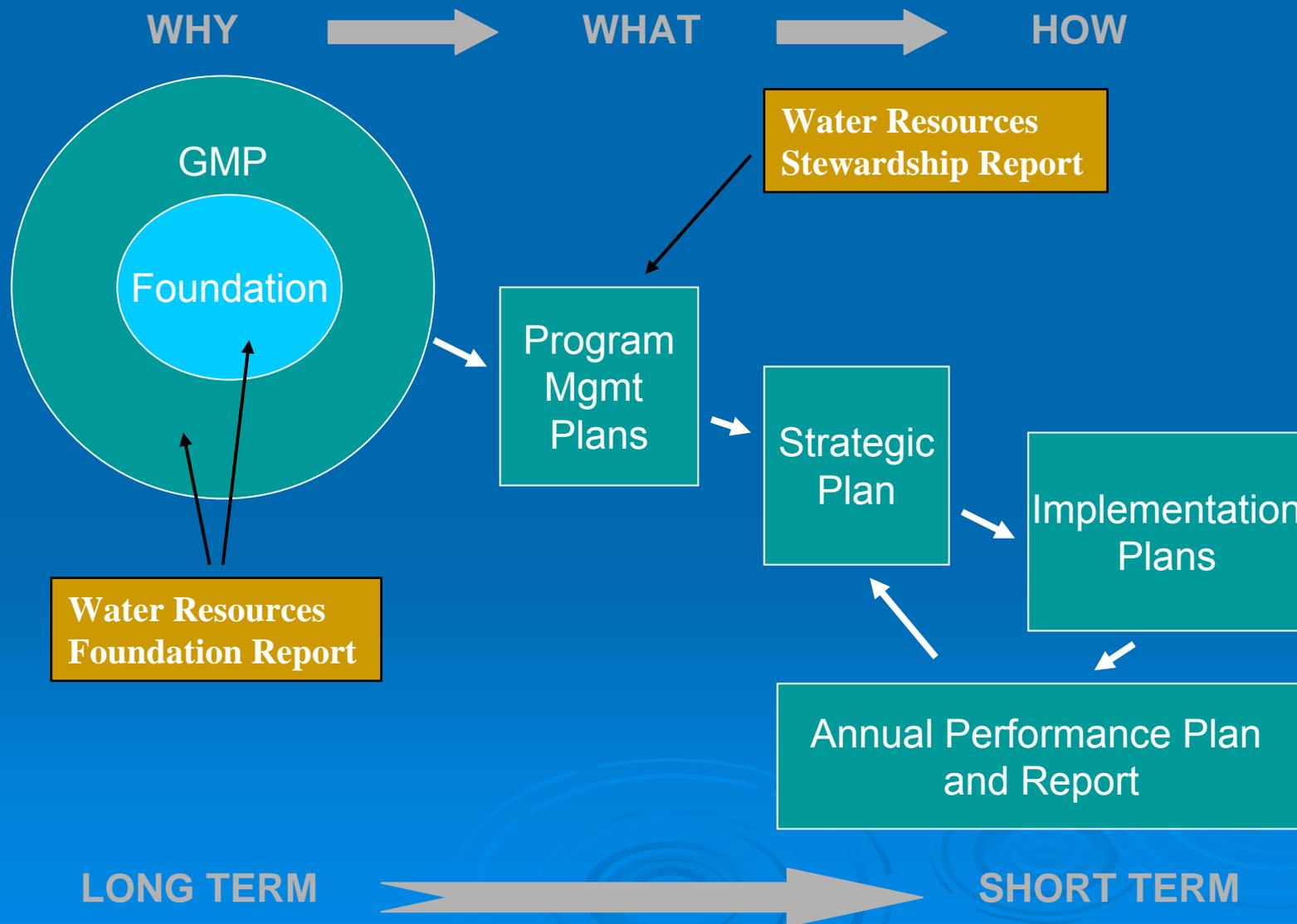


Water Resources Planning Program

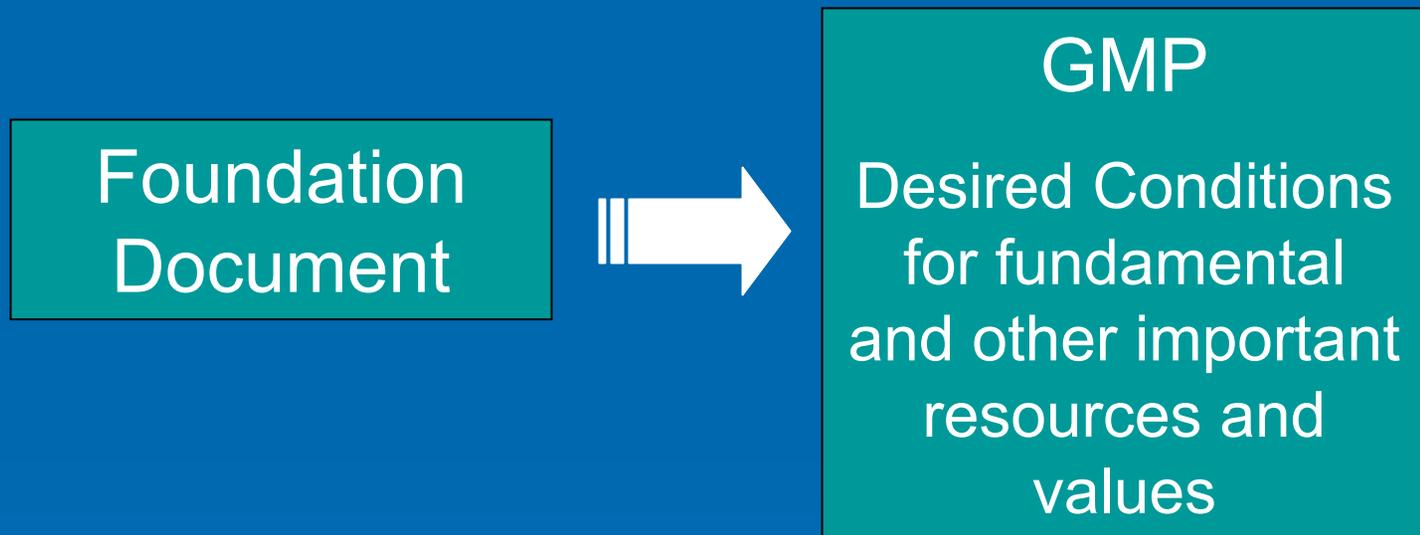
Don Weeks



NPS PLANNING FRAMEWORK



Why is this element in park planning so important?



Desired Condition (Mason): A qualitative description of the integrity and character for a set of resources and values that park management has committed to achieve and monitor.

Foundation Document Template

Park Purpose

Park Significance

- **Fundamental and Other Important Resources and Values**
 - Analysis of Fundamental Resources and Values
 - Importance of the Resources and Values
 - Current Conditions and Trends
 - Potential Threats and Issues
 - Interest of Various Stakeholders
 - Laws and Policies that apply to these resources and values



EFFIGY MOUNDS NATIONAL MONUMENT IOWA

WATER RESOURCES FOUNDATION REPORT



GOLDEN GATE NATIONAL RECREATION AREA CALIFORNIA

WATER RESOURCES FOUNDATION REPORT



Foundation for Park Planning and Management Document

Golden Gate National Recreation Area



Water Resources Foundation Report

➤ Description of Natural Resources

- Climate
- Physiography
- Geology
- Soils
- Hydrology
- Water Quality
- Air Quality
- Biological Resources



GOGA Purpose

To offer national park experiences to a large urban population while preserving and interpreting its outstanding natural, historic, scenic, and recreational values.



GOGA Significance

Protects an undeveloped remnant coastal corridor of marine, estuarine, fluvial and terrestrial ecosystems that support exceptional native biodiversity and provides a refuge of one of the largest concentrations of rare, threatened, and endangered species in the national park system



Fundamental Resources

(critical to achieving the park purpose and maintaining its significance)

- Importance of the resource and values.
- Current conditions and trends.
- Potential threats and issues.
- Interest of various stakeholders.
- Laws and policies supporting fundamental resources.

The focus in establishing a park's "Desired Conditions" will be centered around the Fundamental and Other Important Resources.

Water Resources Foundation Report

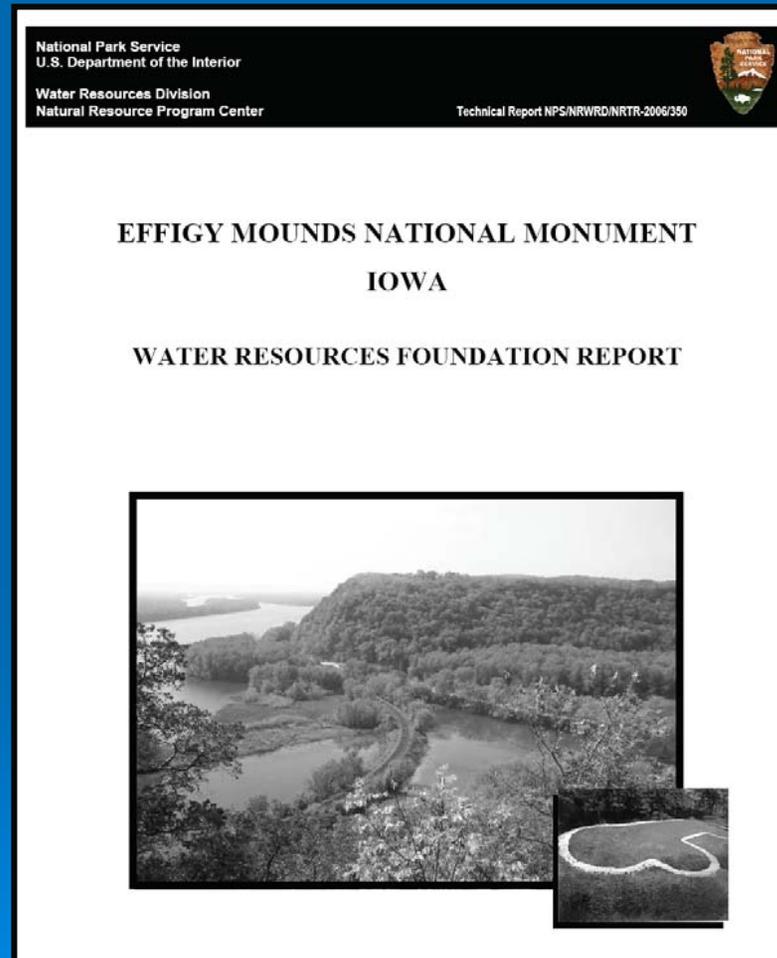
- **Fundamental Water Resources**
 - **Freshwater streams and ponds**
 - Importance of the resource and values.
 - Current conditions and trends.
 - Potential threats and issues.
 - **Groundwater aquifer and springs**
 - Importance of the resource and values.
 - Current conditions and trends.
 - Potential threats and issues.
 - **Wetlands**
 - Importance of the resource and values.
 - Current conditions and trends.
 - Potential threats and issues.
 - **Coastal and Marine water resources**
 - Importance of the resource and values.
 - Current conditions and trends.
 - Potential threats and issues.

Water Resources Foundation Report

- **Watershed stakeholders**
- **Water resources legislation and policy**



Important Resources





NPS PLANNING FRAMEWORK

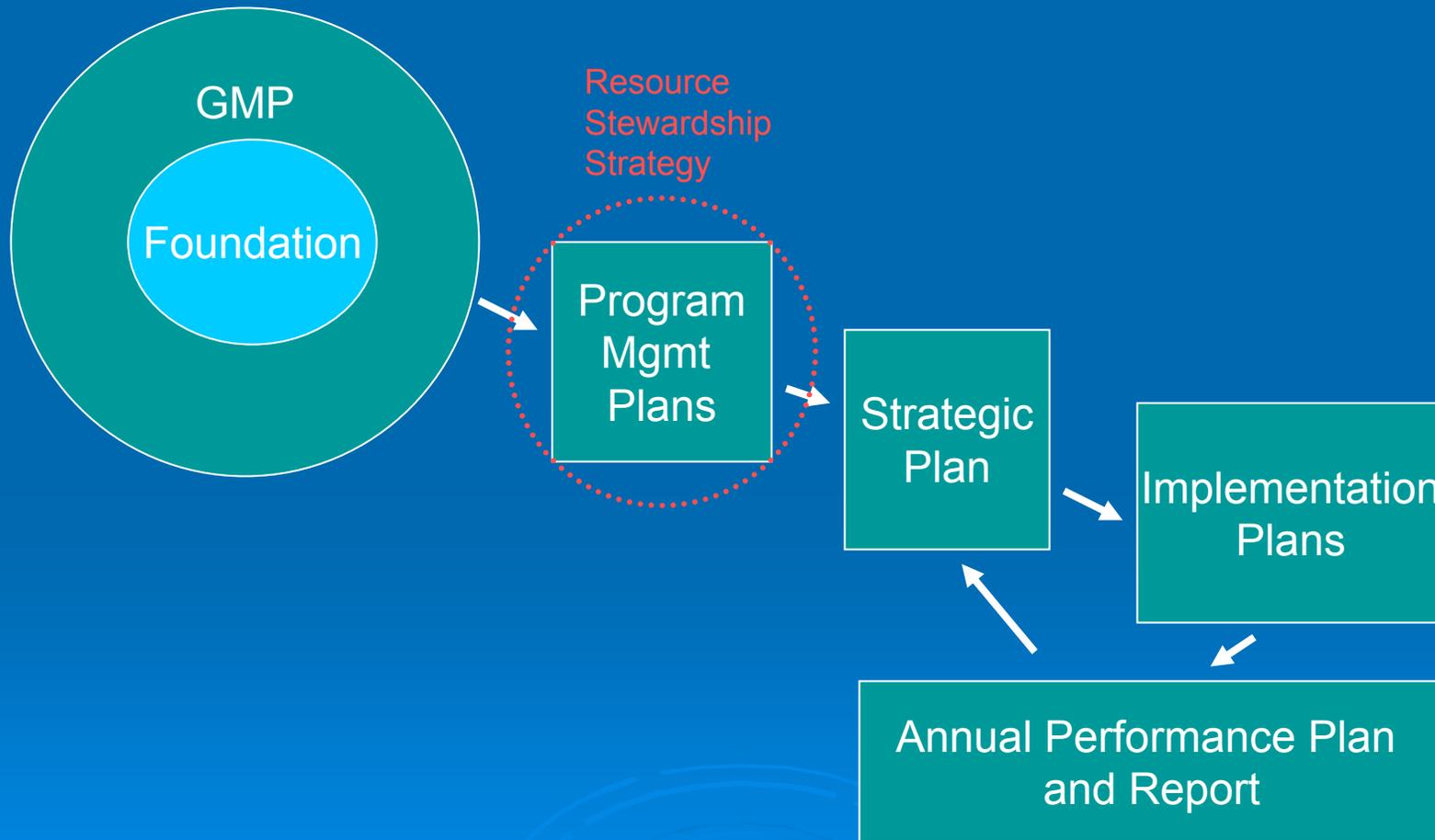
WHY



WHAT



HOW



LONG TERM



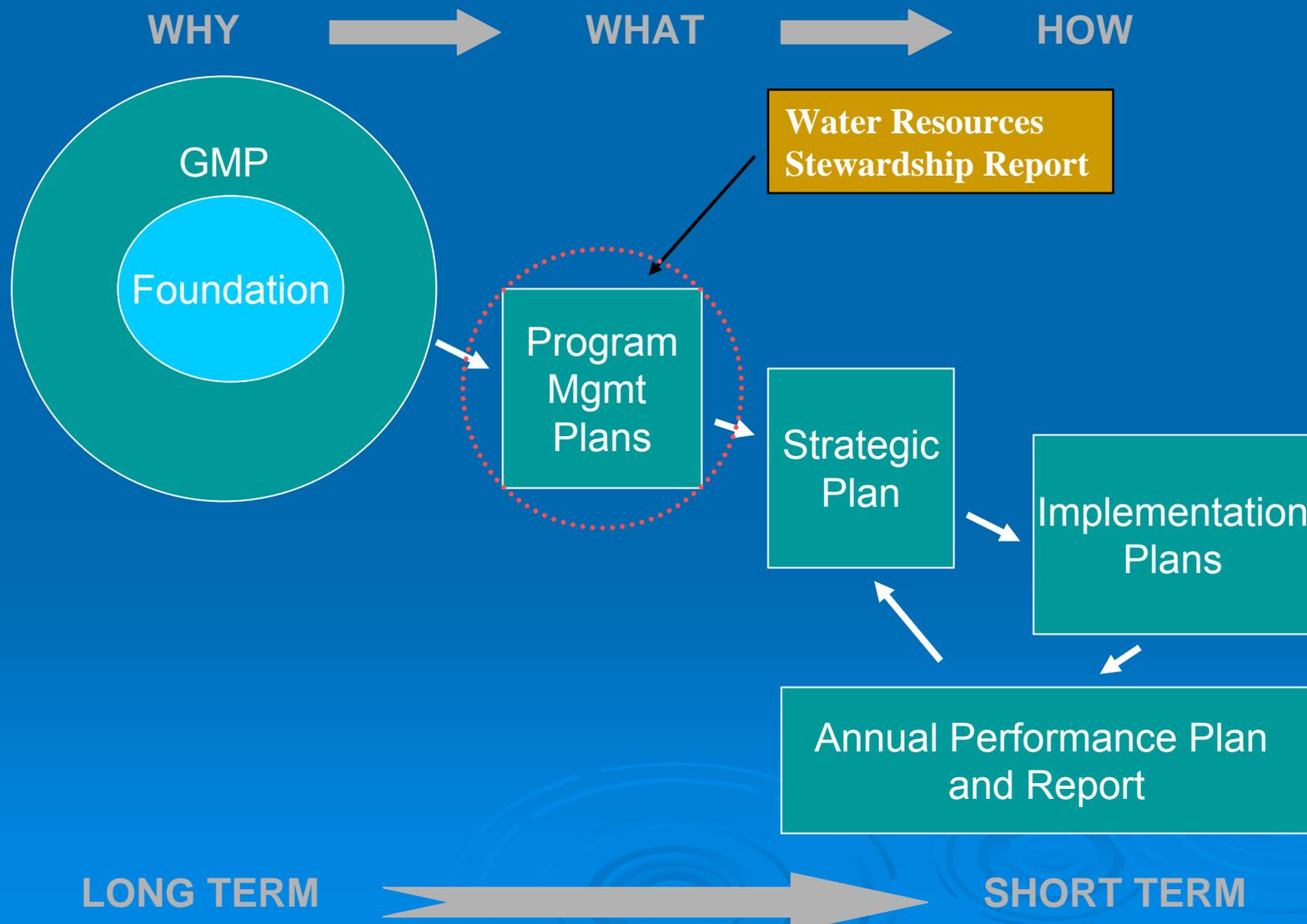
SHORT TERM

PROGRAM MANAGEMENT PLANS

Translates qualitative desired condition statements established in the GMP into measurable or objective indicators that can be monitored over time to assess the achievement of the desired conditions



NPS PLANNING FRAMEWORK



National Park Service
U.S. Department of the Interior



Natural Resource Program Center

Water Resources Stewardship Report *Monocacy National Battlefield*

Natural Resource Report NPS/NRPC/WRD/NRTR - 2007/048



Water Resources Stewardship Reports



Fundamental Resource: Monocacy River



Important Resources: all
other surface and ground
water resources

Monocacy National Battlefield

Desired Condition

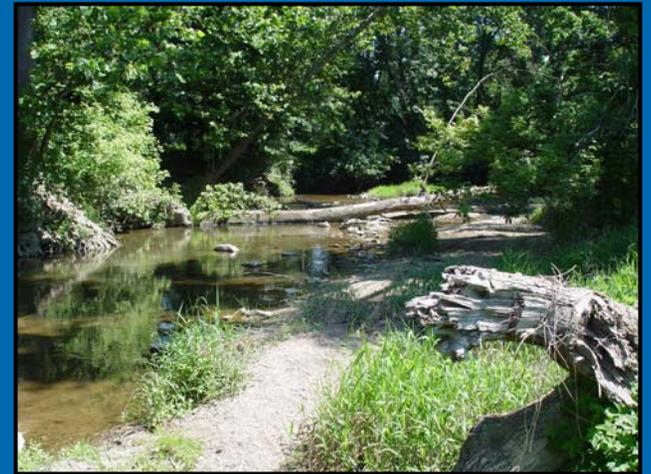
Natural resources would be maintained in as natural a state as possible, given cultural resource preservation needs.

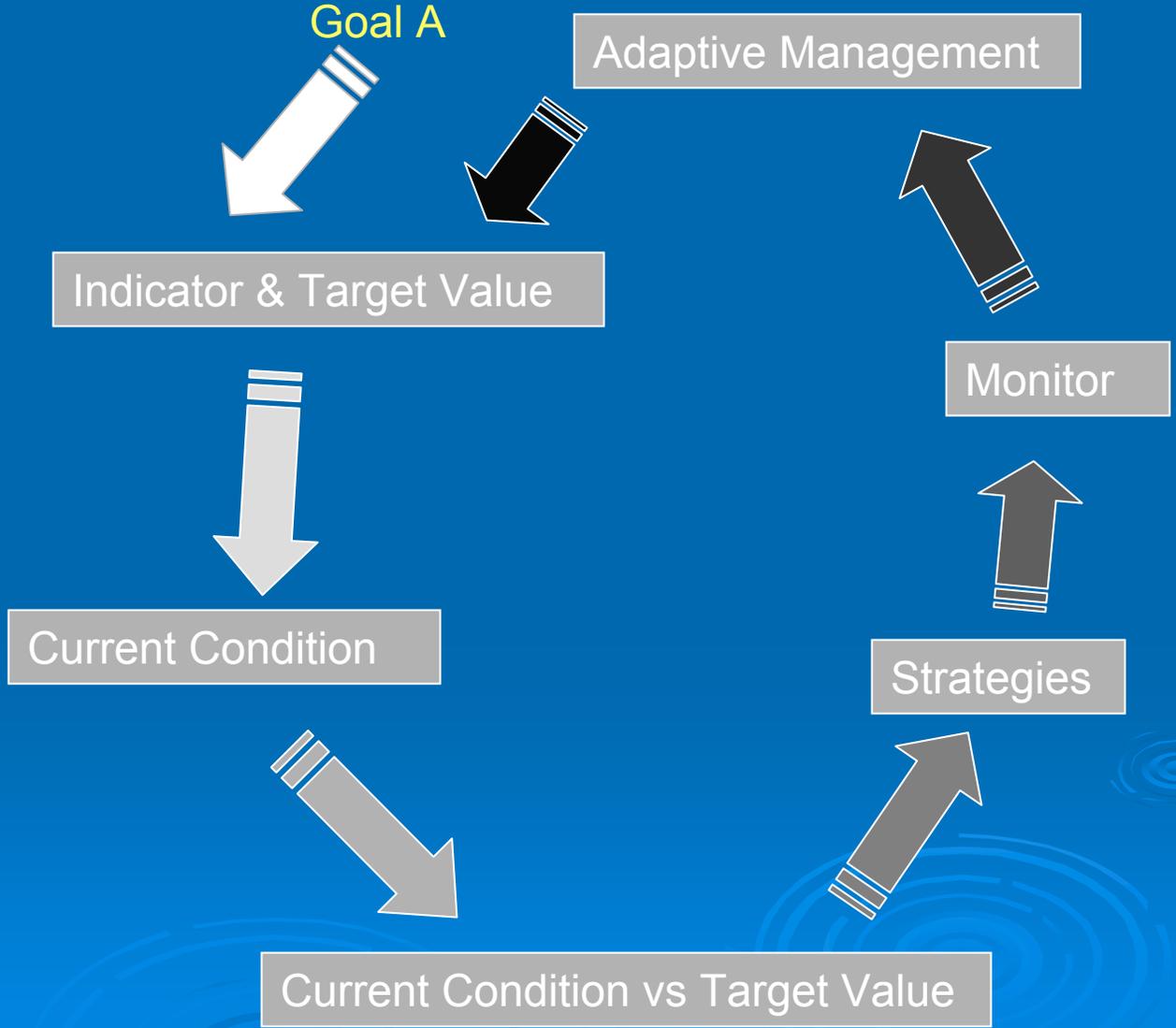


Water Resource Goals

- **Goal A:** Chemical integrity of park waters (surface and ground waters) is improved and/or maintained to support all native life and to meet or exceed designated use standards.
- **Goal B:** Hydrologic integrity of park waters (surface and ground waters) is improved and/or maintained to support natural geomorphic processes of fluvial and aquifer systems and to support native life.

These water resource goals should be applied across all five management zones at MONO since influences to water resources in one zone impact water resources in another zone.





Water Quality Health

Indicators	Target Value	% not meeting Target Value	Number of samples
Water Temperature	$\leq 75^{\circ}\text{F}$ (23.9°C)	17%	178
Dissolved Oxygen	≥ 5.0 mg/L	36%	166
pH	6.5 – 8.0	37%	171
Acid Neutralizing Capacity	> 600 $\mu\text{eq/L}$	0%	44
Nitrate (interim)	< 3.0 mg/L	32%	182
Nitrite (interim)	< 0.010 mg/L	60%	5
Ammonia (interim)	< 0.05 mg/L	36%	22
Orthophosphate (interim)	< 0.010 mg/L	60%	5

Maryland Department of Natural Resources

Biological Health

Fish Index of Biological Integrity

Benthic Index of Biological Integrity

Physical Habitat Health

Physical Habitat Index

Hilderbrand, et al. (2005) applied these approaches on MONO streams to define current condition.



Stressors

- ❖ Influences from crop and livestock management.
- ❖ Lack of adequate riparian buffer along streams.
- ❖ Failures in wastewater treatment systems.
- ❖ Increased regional population growth and increasing water demands (surface and ground water).

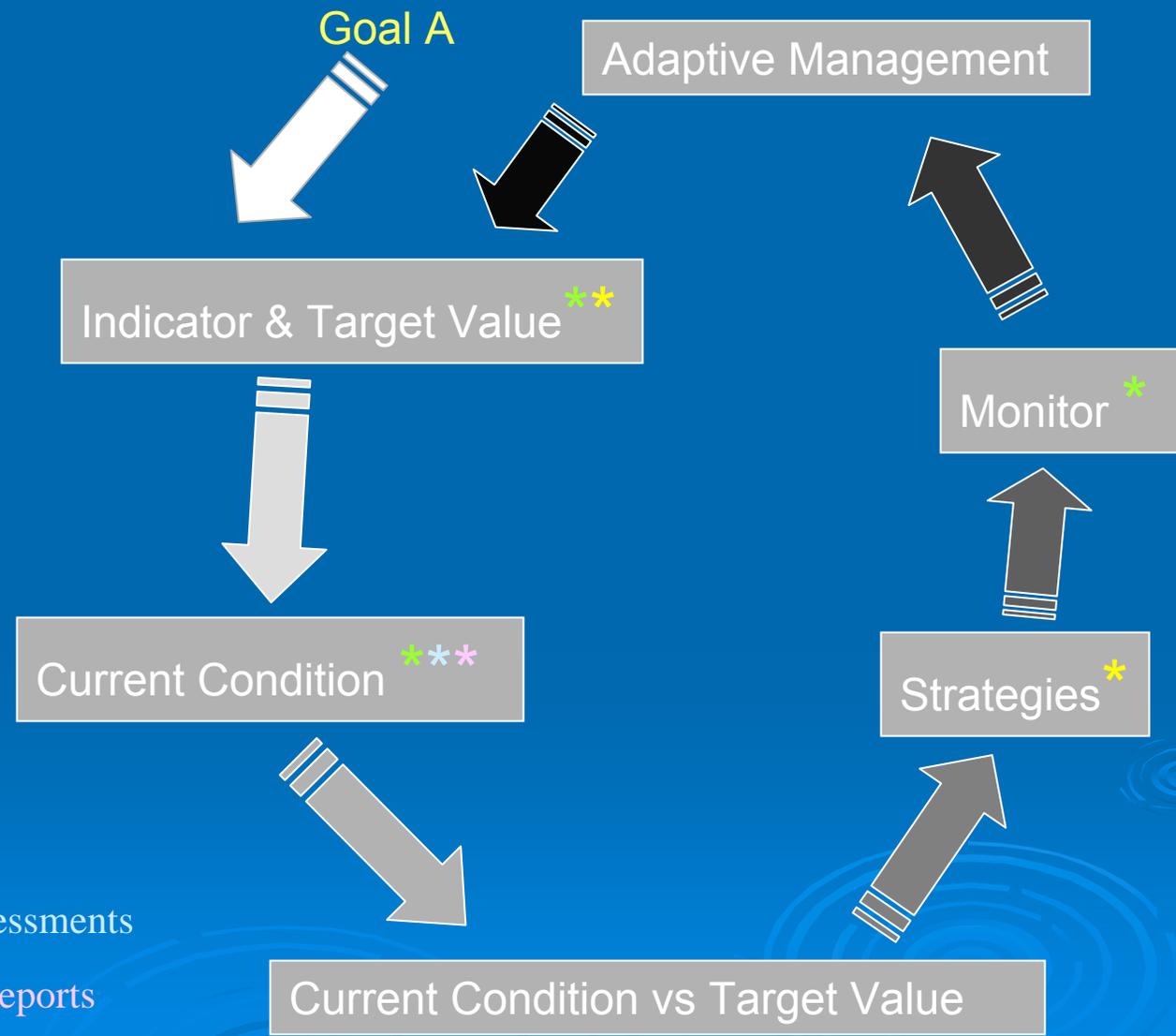
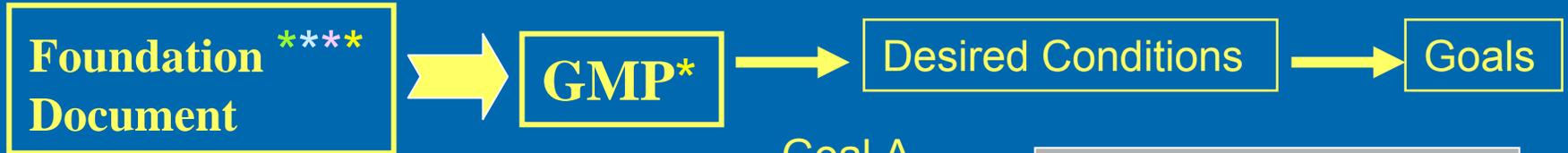




Strategies

- Coordinate MONO and NCRN sampling efforts.
- Collect nutrient samples concurrently with biological assessments to examine statistical relationships.
- Maximize riparian buffers along stream corridors.
- Manage agricultural and livestock activities through nutrient management plans, fencing riparian areas and wetlands construction.
- Water rights needed to meet requirements for park operations and protect the water-dependent environments.





- * Vital Signs Monitoring
- * Watershed Condition Assessments
- * Baseline Water Quality Reports
- * Climate Change

